



OSIRIS-REx
ASTEROID SAMPLE RETURN MISSION



OSIRIS-REx: Sample Return from Asteroid Bennu

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NASA JSC

ORIGINS

Where did we
come from?

SPECTRAL
INTERPRETATION

What's
out
there?

RESOURCE
IDENTIFICATION

Can we use
it for fuel?

SECURITY

Can we prevent
an impact?

REGOLITH
EXPLORER

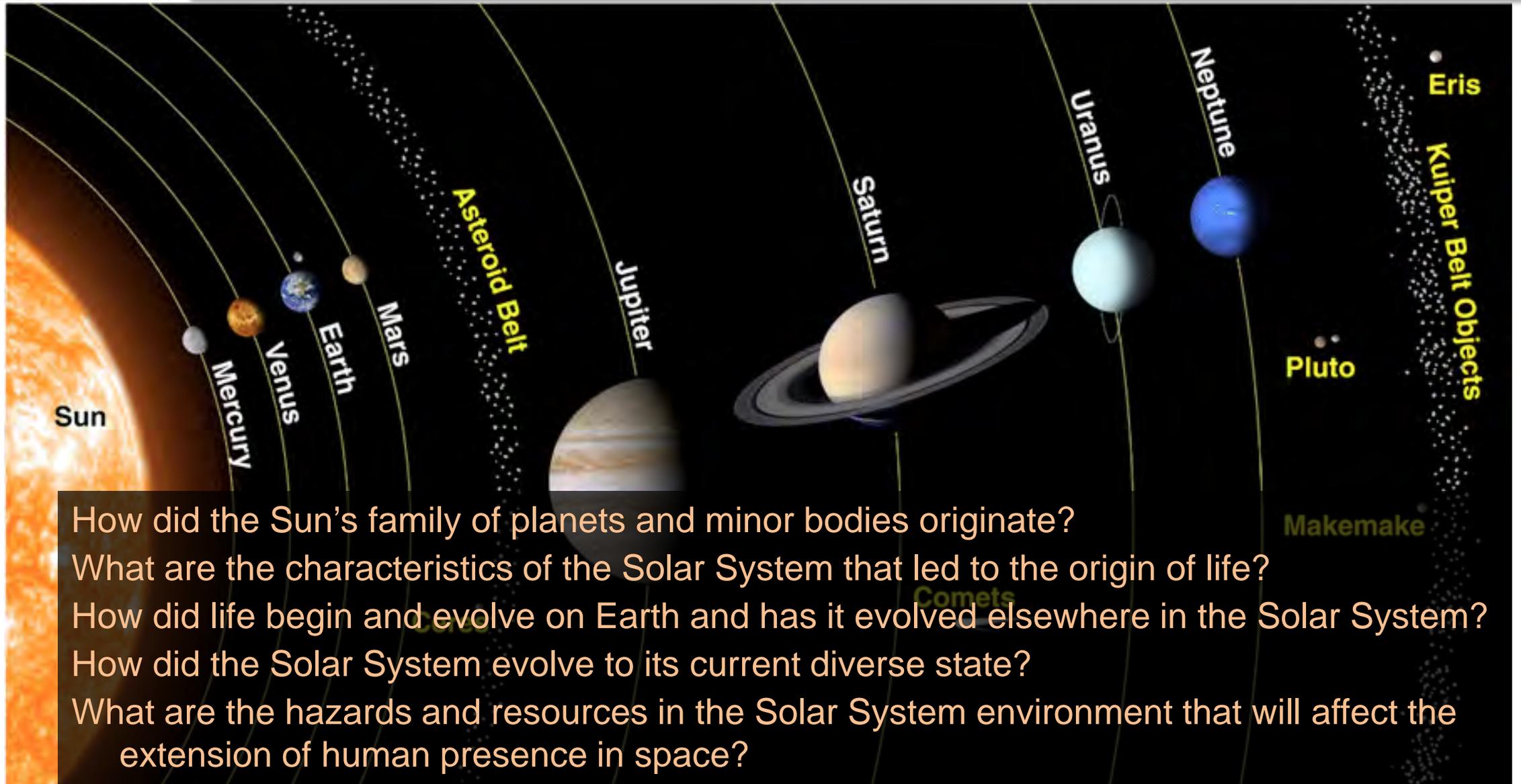
Let's bring
samples home!



*The Mission's
Principal Investigator!*



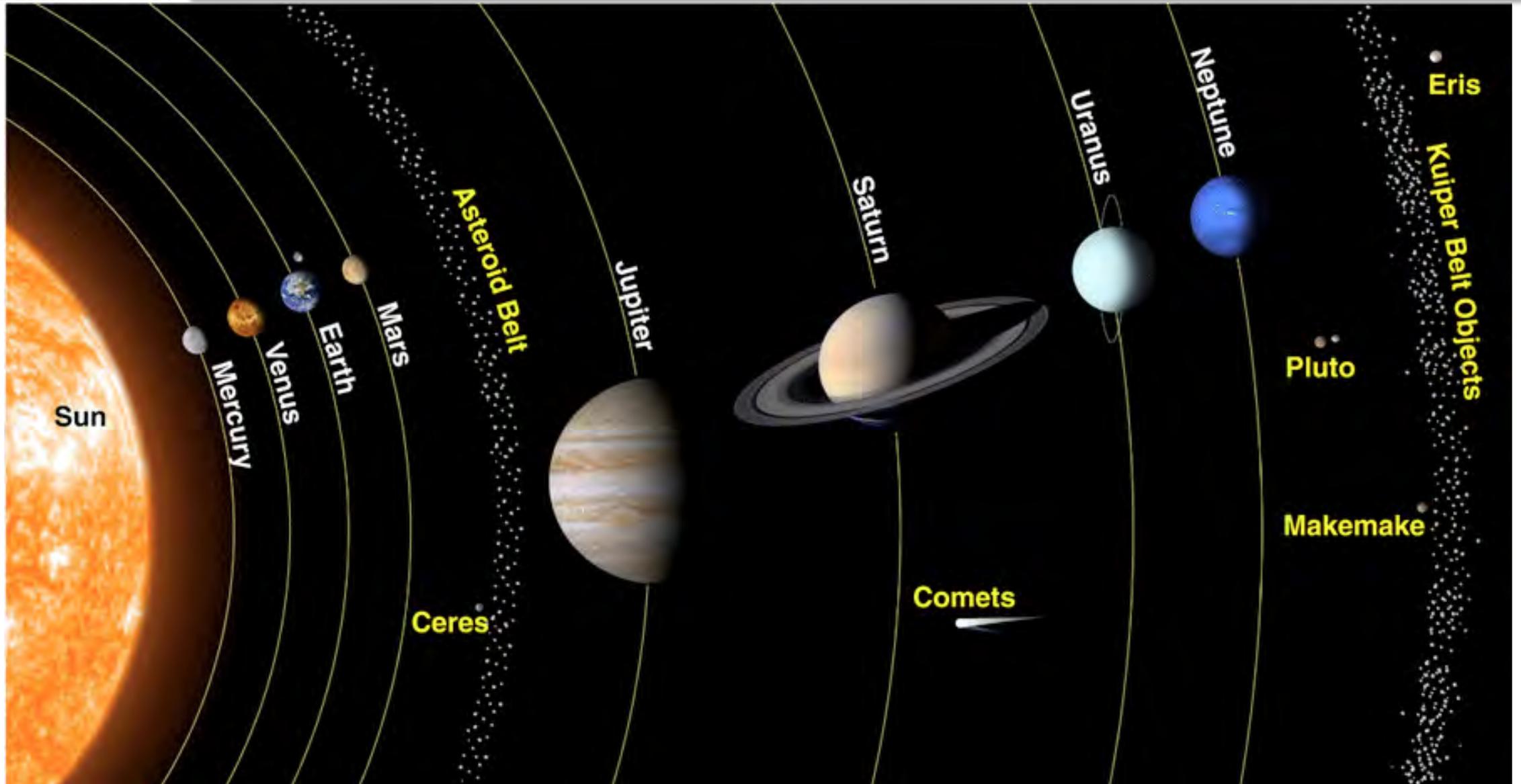
THE ASTEROID BELT



How did the Sun's family of planets and minor bodies originate?
What are the characteristics of the Solar System that led to the origin of life?
How did life begin and evolve on Earth and has it evolved elsewhere in the Solar System?
How did the Solar System evolve to its current diverse state?
What are the hazards and resources in the Solar System environment that will affect the extension of human presence in space?

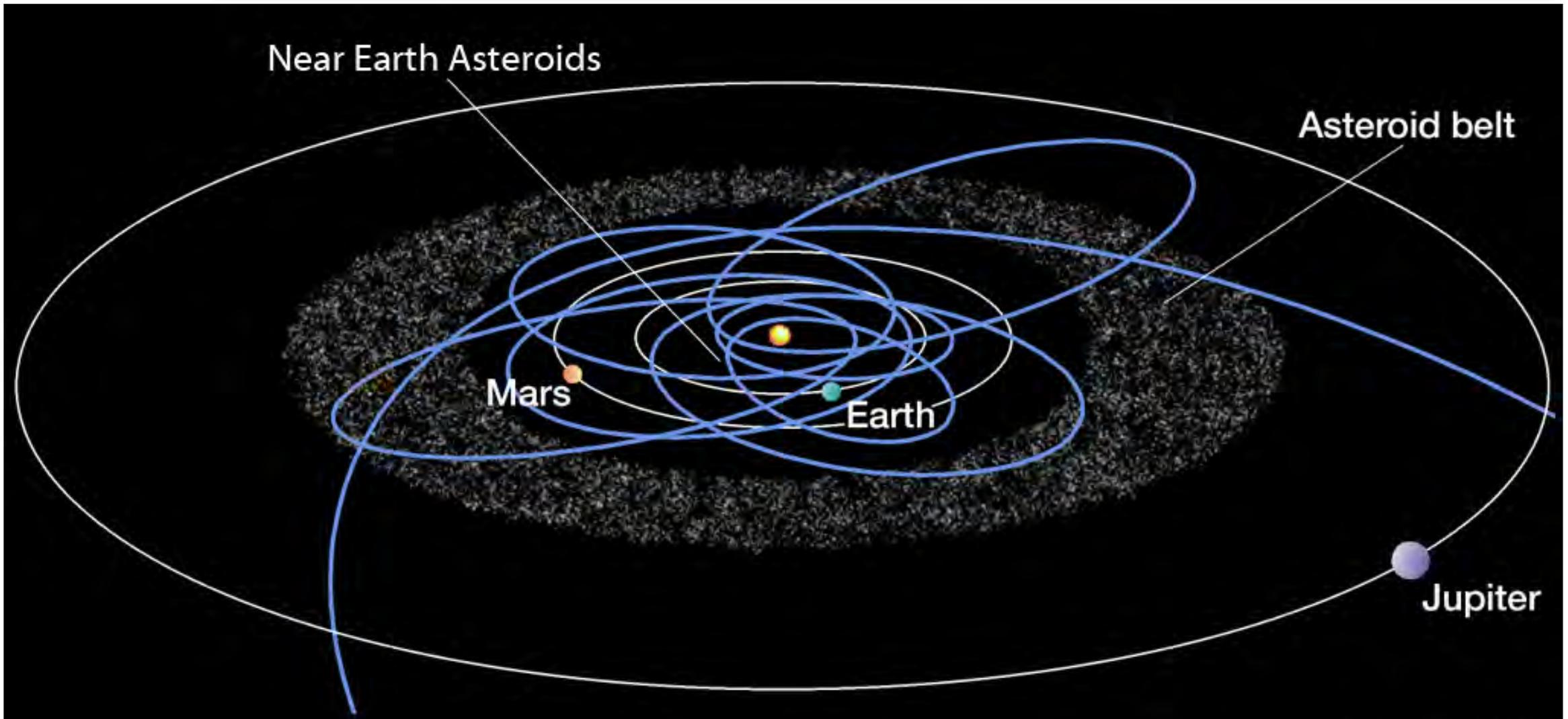


THE ASTEROID BELT





NEAR-EARTH ASTEROIDS





TELESCOPES ON EARTH AND IN SPACE



LINEAR



Arecibo



IRTF



Spitzer



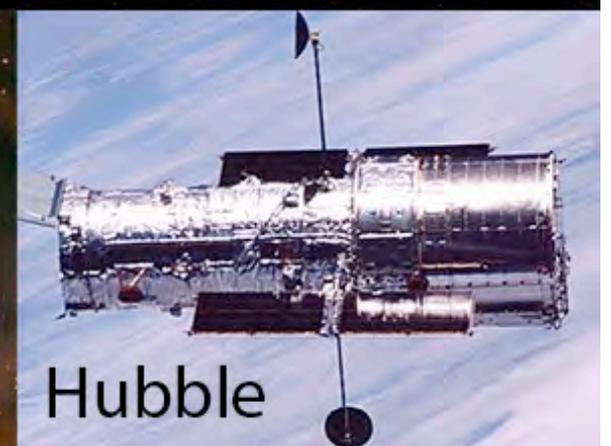
Kuiper



WHT



Herschel

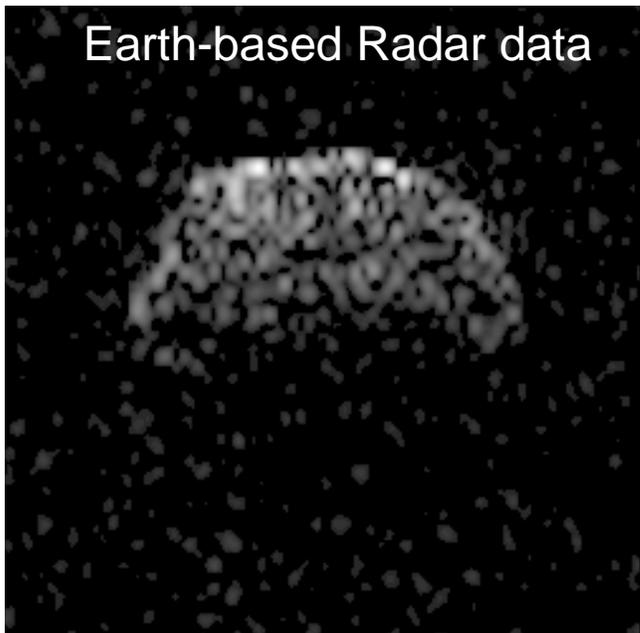


Hubble

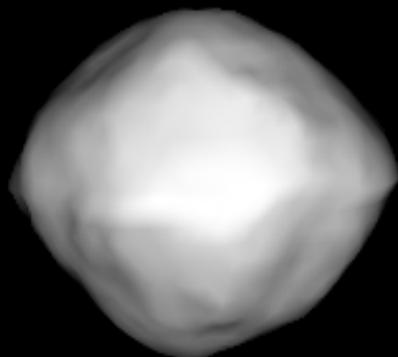


ASTEROID BENNU IS VERY WELL CHARACTERIZED

Earth-based Radar data



Pre-arrival Predicted Shape



Size = ~500 m

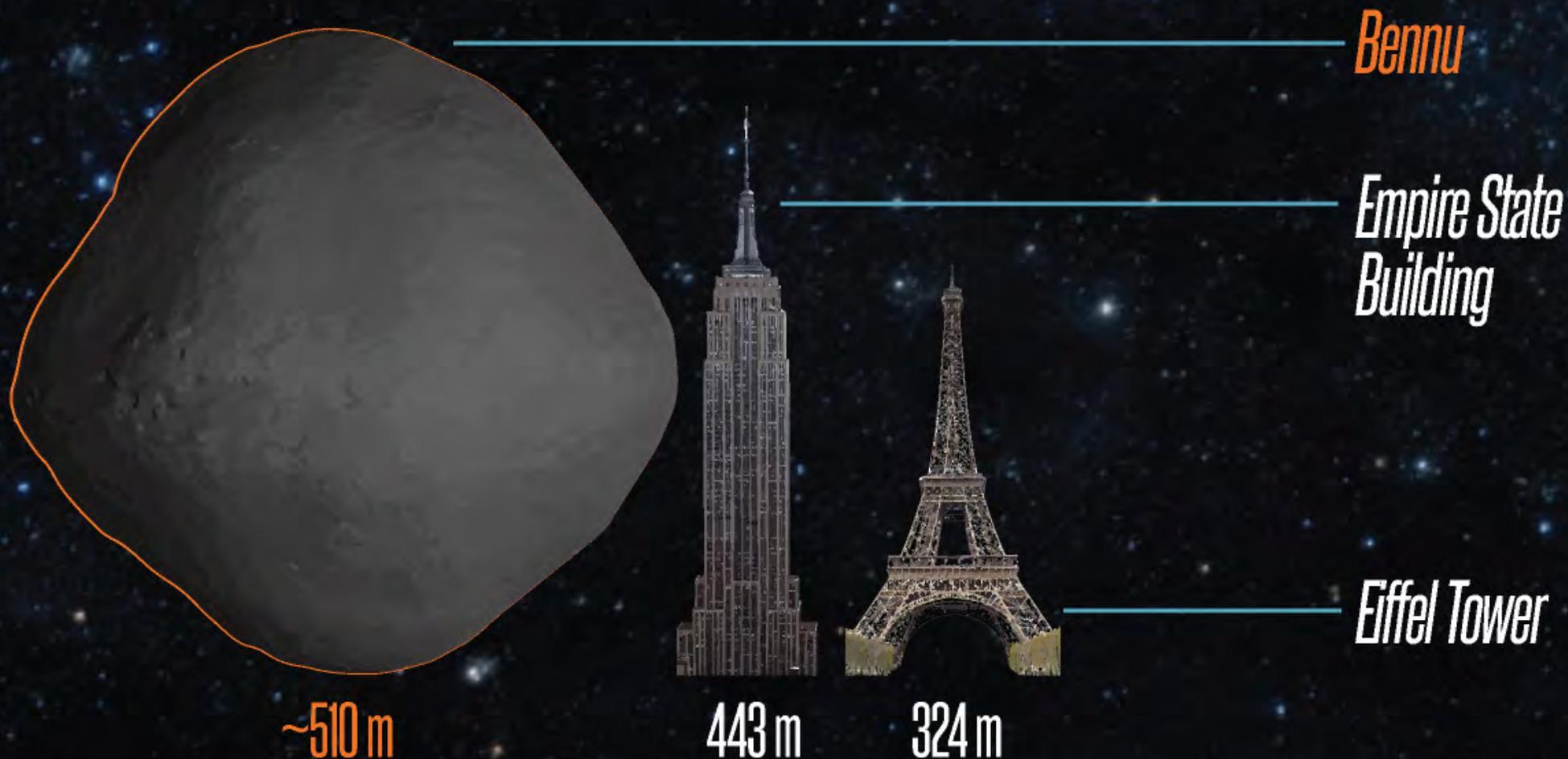
Shape = spheroidal "spinning top"

Rotation state = 4.3 hr period

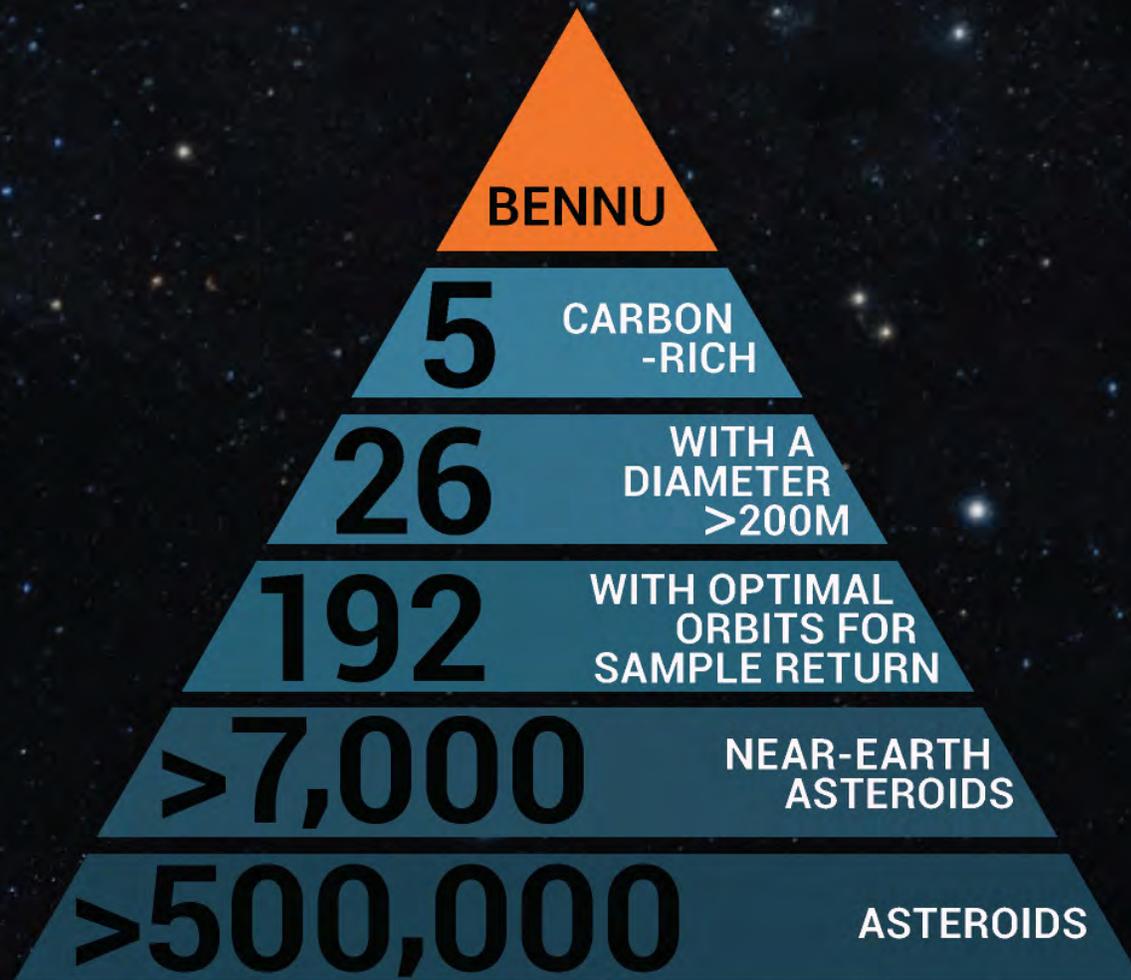




How Tall is Asteroid Bennu?



How Was Asteroid Bennu Chosen?



CHARACTERISTICS: Proximity to Earth, orbit, and size

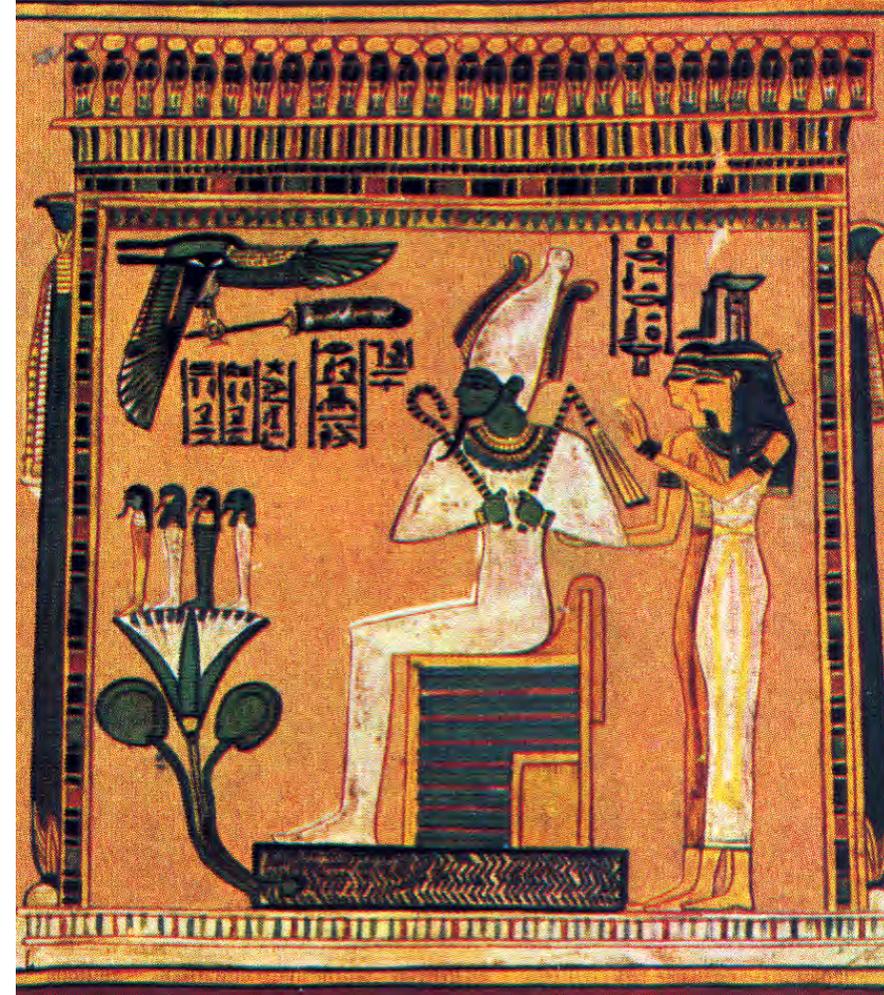
COMPOSITION: Bennu is primitive and carbon-rich (expected to have organic compounds and water-bearing minerals like clays)

POTENTIAL FOR ORGANICS: We hope to find organic molecules on Bennu like those that may have led to the origin of life on Earth!



Osiris – The Mythology

- Osiris was an Egyptian god-emperor, son of the sky and Earth
- He brought agriculture, and therefore life, to the world
- Likewise, **OSIRIS-REX** seeks to return samples of an asteroid that may contain organics that led to the origin of life on Earth





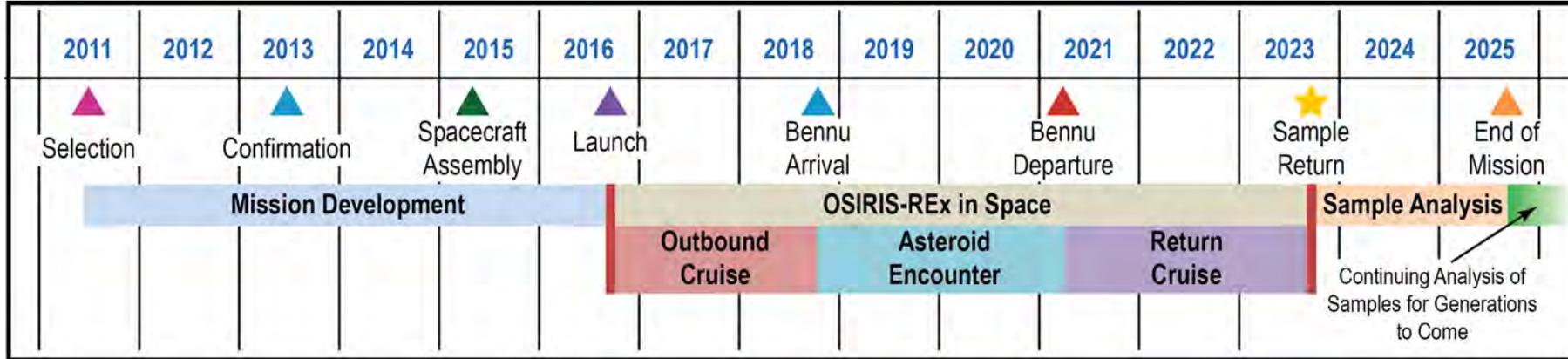
Asteroid (101955) 1999 RQ36 is now . . .

- Bennu! The name was selected in an international contest run by the Planetary Society
- Bennu is an Egyptian mythological bird that was born from the heart of Osiris
- It is associated with the Sun, creation, and renewal





Mission Timeline



- Selection: May 25, 2011
- Confirmation: April, 2013
- Spacecraft Assembly: February, 2015
- Launch: September, 2016
- Bennu Arrival: August, 2018
- **TAG!!! October 20, 2020**
- Bennu Departure: March, 2021
- Sample Return: September, 2023
- End of Mission and Sample Analysis: September, 2025



Building the Spacecraft!

Length: 20.25 ft with solar panels deployed

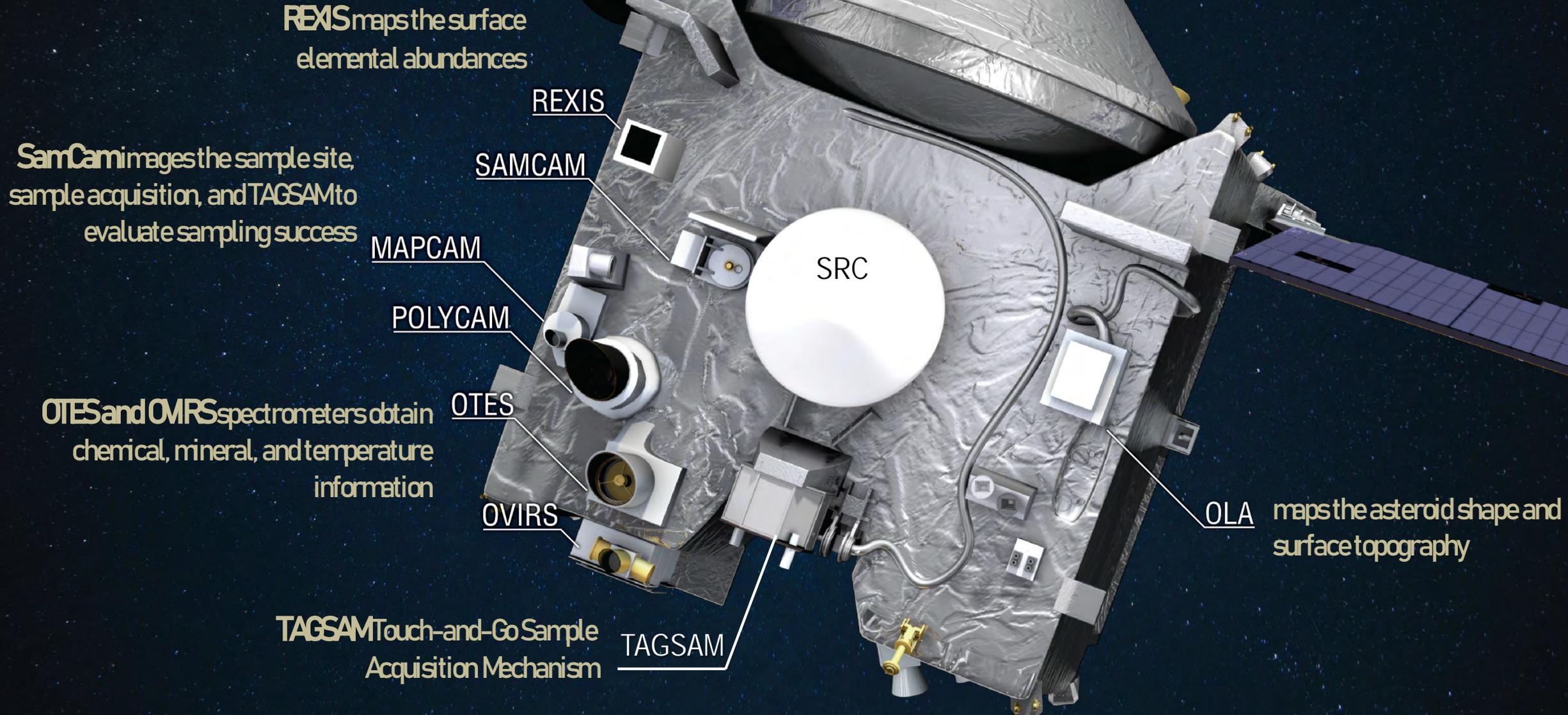
Width: 8 ft

Height: 10.33 ft ~Size of 15 passenger van

Weight: 1940 lbs without fuel



EXTENSIVE CHARACTERIZATION AT GLOBAL AND SAMPLE-SITE-SPECIFIC SCALES





Launch – September 8, 2016



First Images – August 17, 2018



Here the spacecraft is 15 miles away from Bennu!

PolyCam Image Mosaics
December 2, 2018
33 centimeters/pixel

OSIRIS-REx mapped Bennu all of 2019, which allowed scientists to make lots of interesting observations



What observations can you make about Bennu?

***LIST YOUR OBSERVATIONS
IN THE CHAT.***



Surprise! Bennu is very rocky!

- Scientists expected Bennu's surface to be fine-grained, like a sandy beach...
- Instead OSIRIS-REx was greeted by a rugged world littered with boulders – the size of cars, the size of houses, the size of football fields
- The largest boulder on Bennu is called BenBen – as tall as 6 story building
- This makes sample collection more challenging





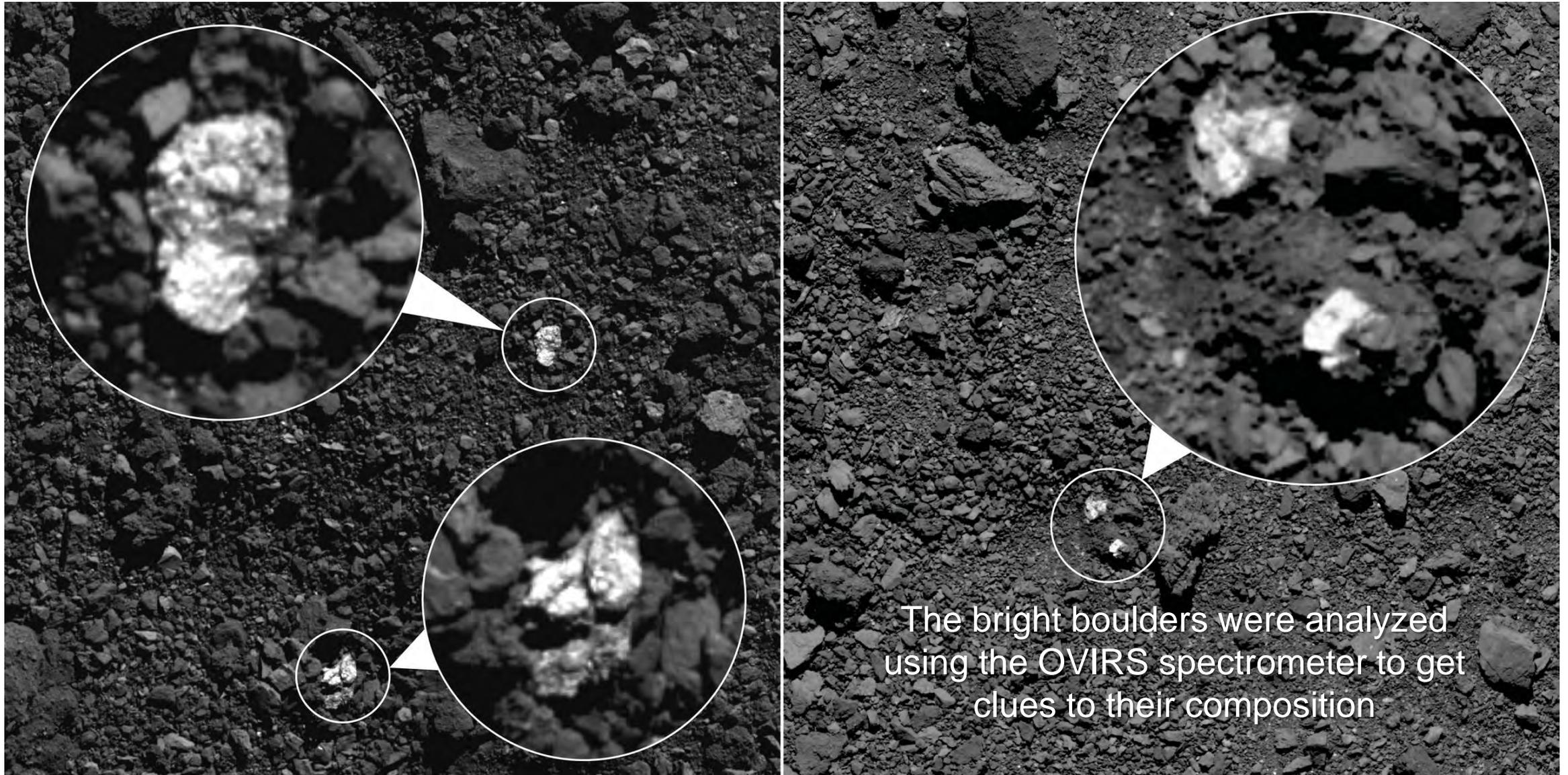
Surprise! Bennu is active!



This is the first time plumes have
been observed on an asteroid



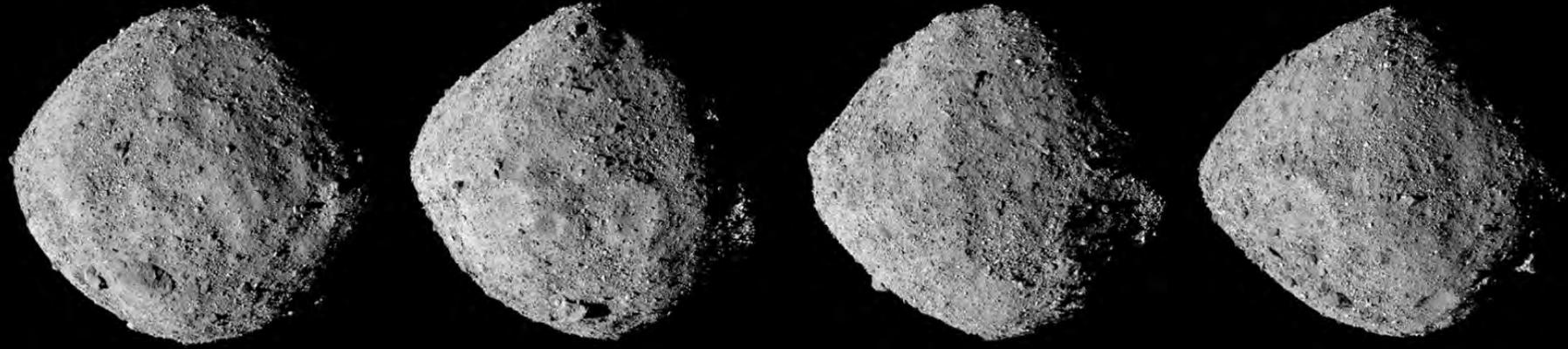
Surprise! Bennu contains material from another asteroid!



The bright boulders were analyzed using the OVIRS spectrometer to get clues to their composition

Rubble pile video

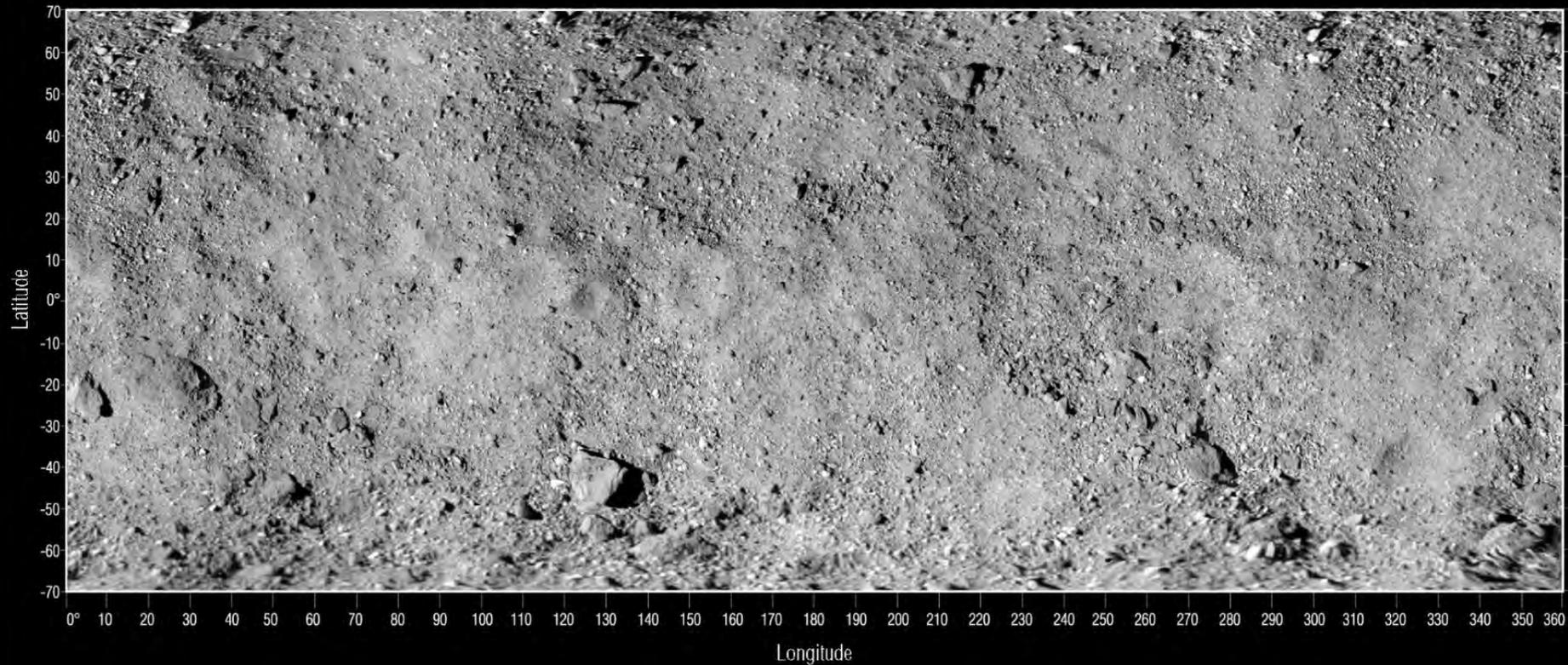




**CHOOSING THE
SAMPLE SITE:**

What considerations do you think went into choosing a sample site on Bennu?

***PUT YOUR ANSWERS IN
THE CHAT.***





How did we choose the sample site?



Deliverability: The spacecraft must be easily maneuvered in and out of the site



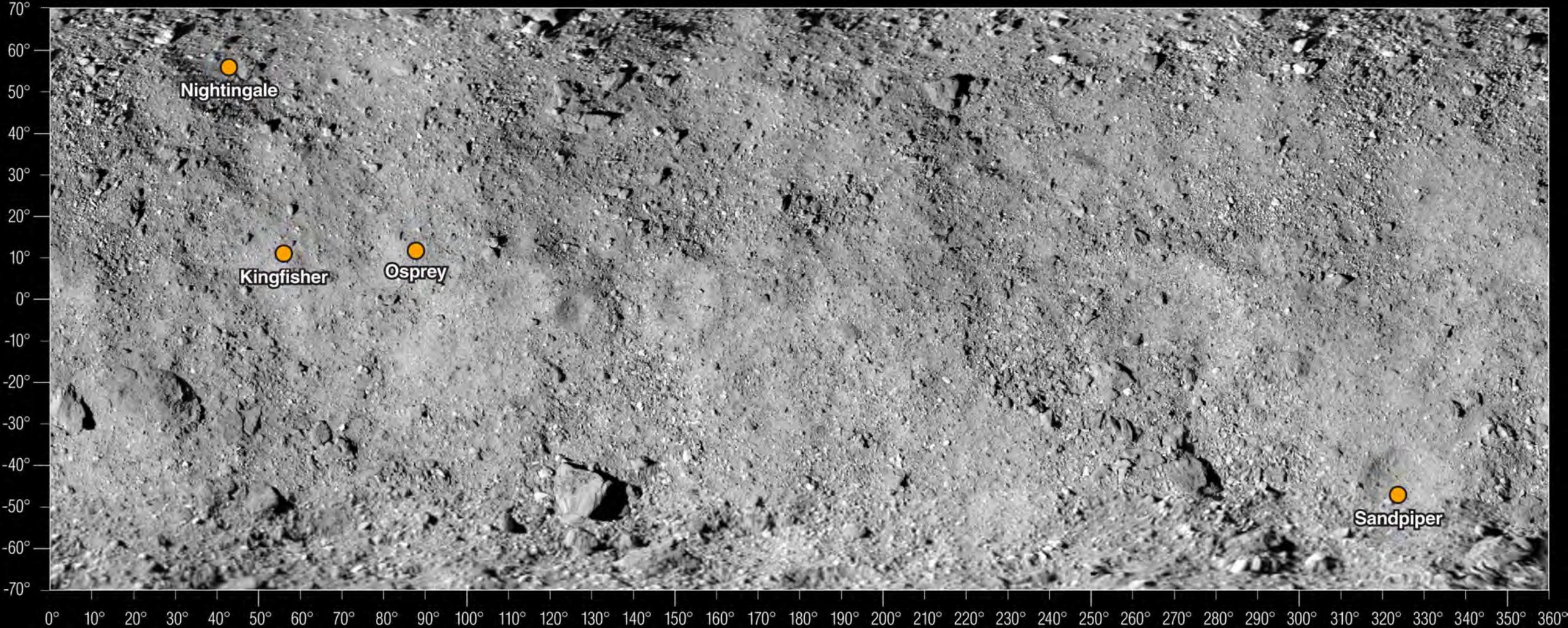
Sampleability: The sample site must have rocks and debris 2 cm or smaller so the TAGSAM head can capture it



Safety: When the Touch and Go Sample Acquisition Mechanism (TAGSAM) head contacts the surface, the spacecraft must avoid any damage



Science Value: The sample site should have *pristine regolith* with carbon-rich, diverse and primitive materials, and hydrated minerals





Four potential sample sites measured by the OSIRIS-REx Laser Altimeter (OLA)



SAMPLE SITE
NIGHTINGALE



SAMPLE SITE
KINGFISHER



SAMPLE SITE
OSPREY



SAMPLE SITE
SANDPIPER



Which sample site would you choose as the primary sample site & WHY?

PUT YOUR ANSWERS IN THE CHAT.

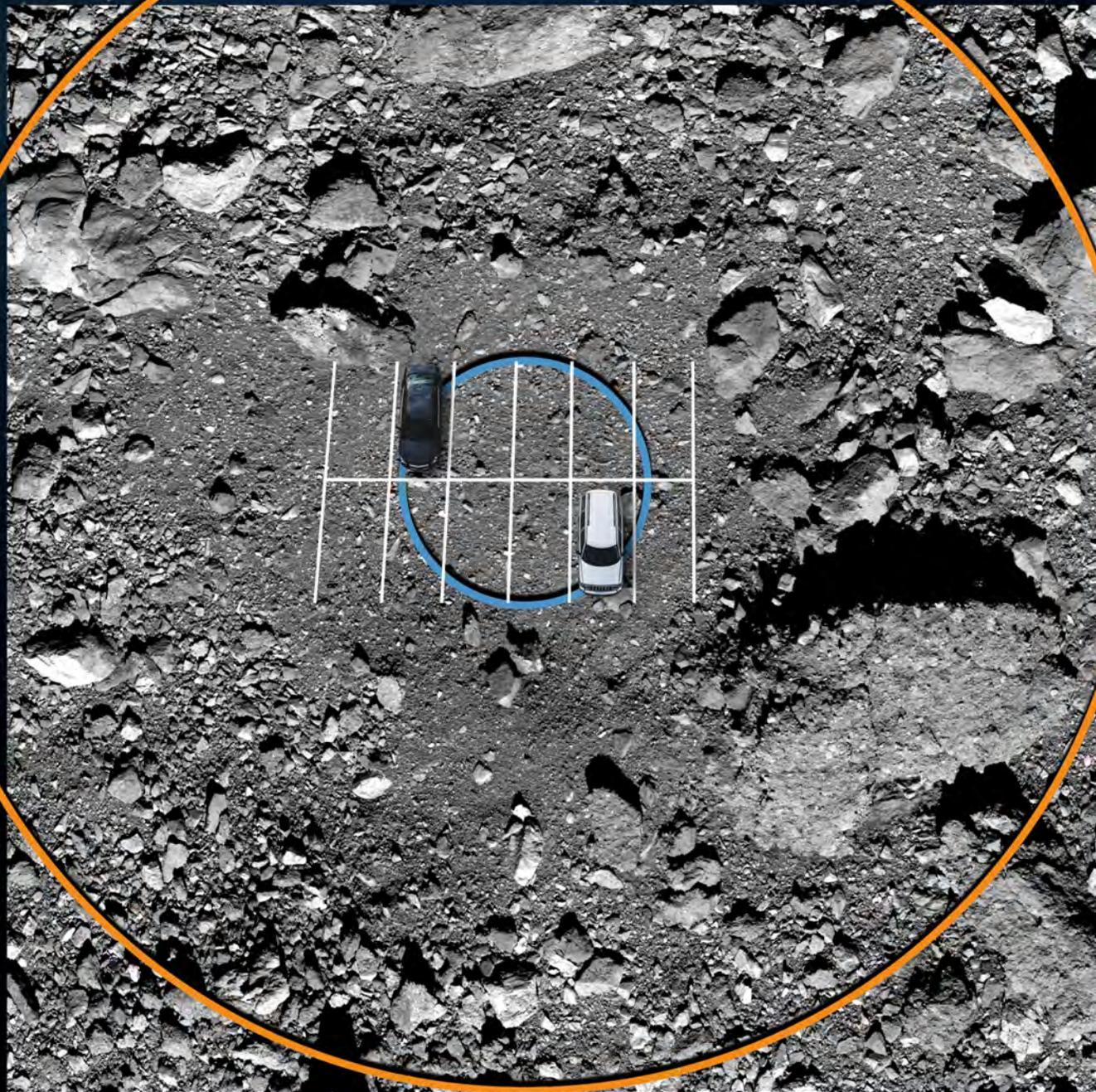


SAMPLE SITE **NIGHTINGALE**

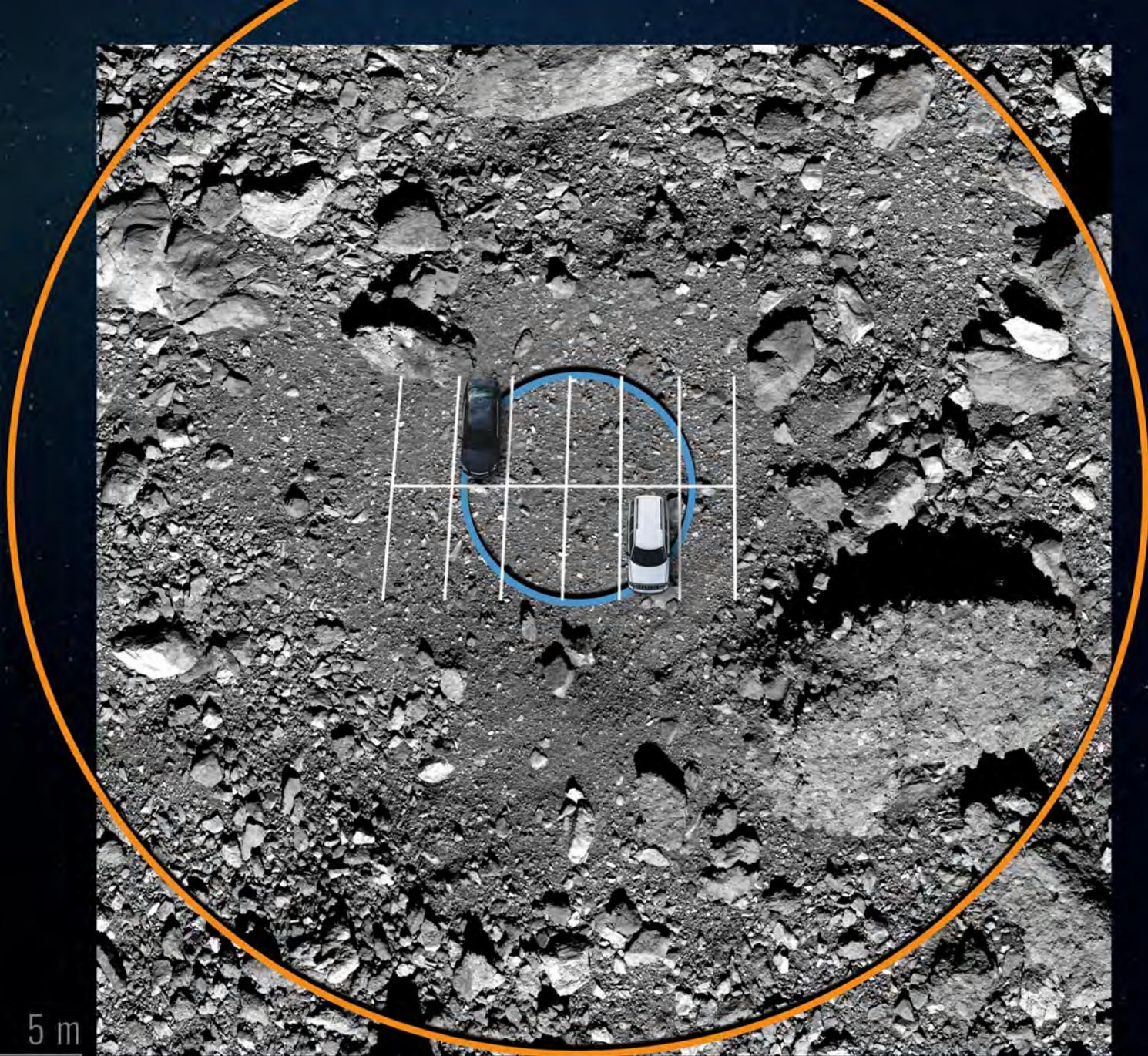
OSIRIS-REx PRIMARY SAMPLE SITE



5 m



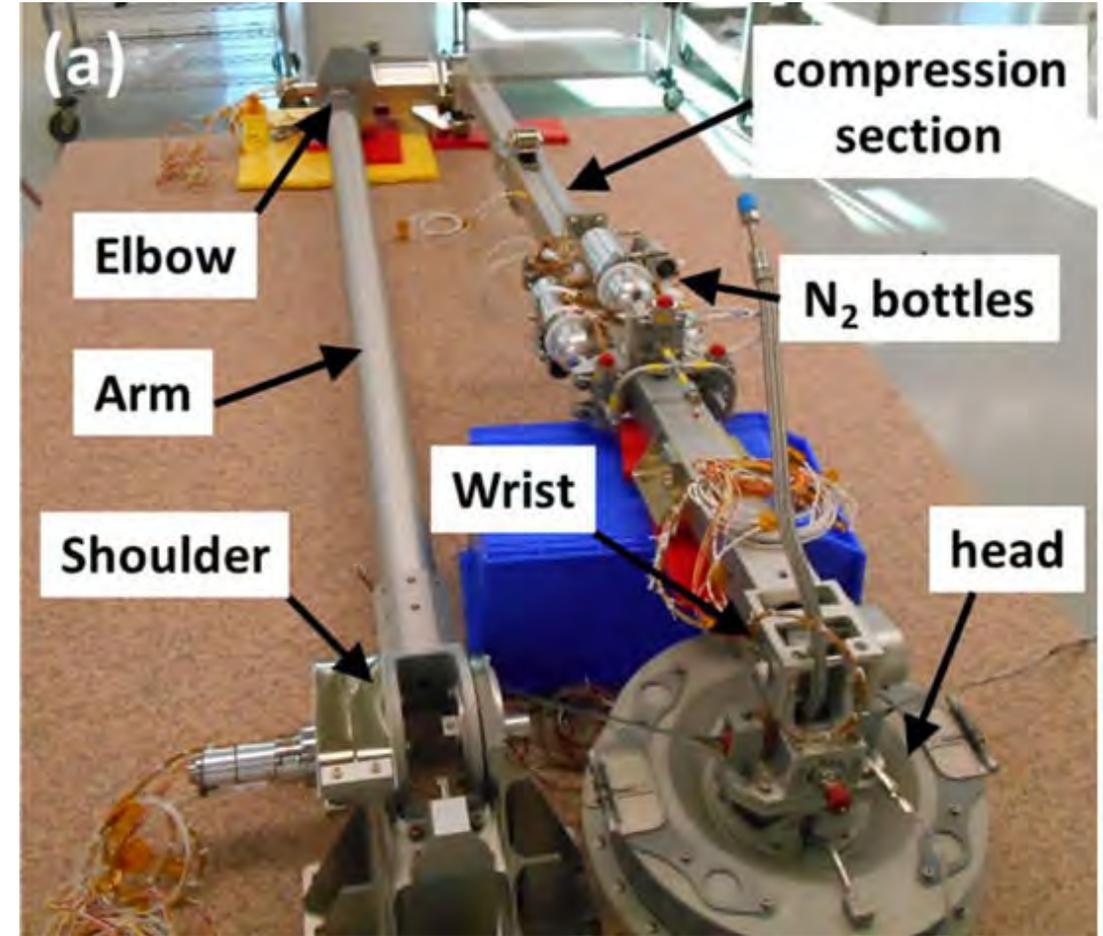
- Site is as big as a few parking spots or a tennis court and is surrounded by building-sized boulders
- Nightingale contains mostly fine-grained, dark material
- Nightingale also has the highest color variation, which suggests diverse materials
- We have the site, now how do we get the sample?

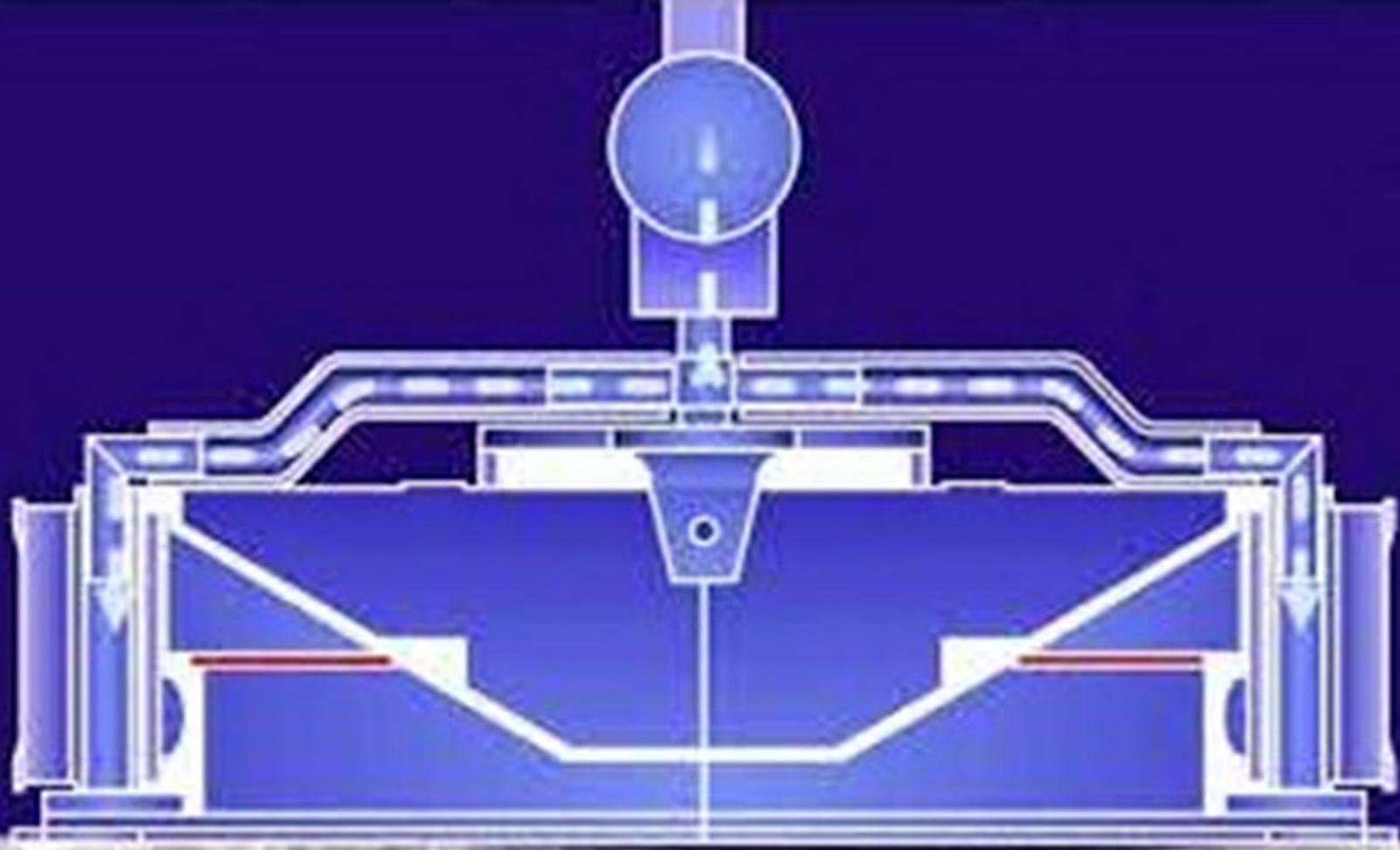


5 m



Touch-and-Go Sample Acquisition Mechanism (TAGSAM)



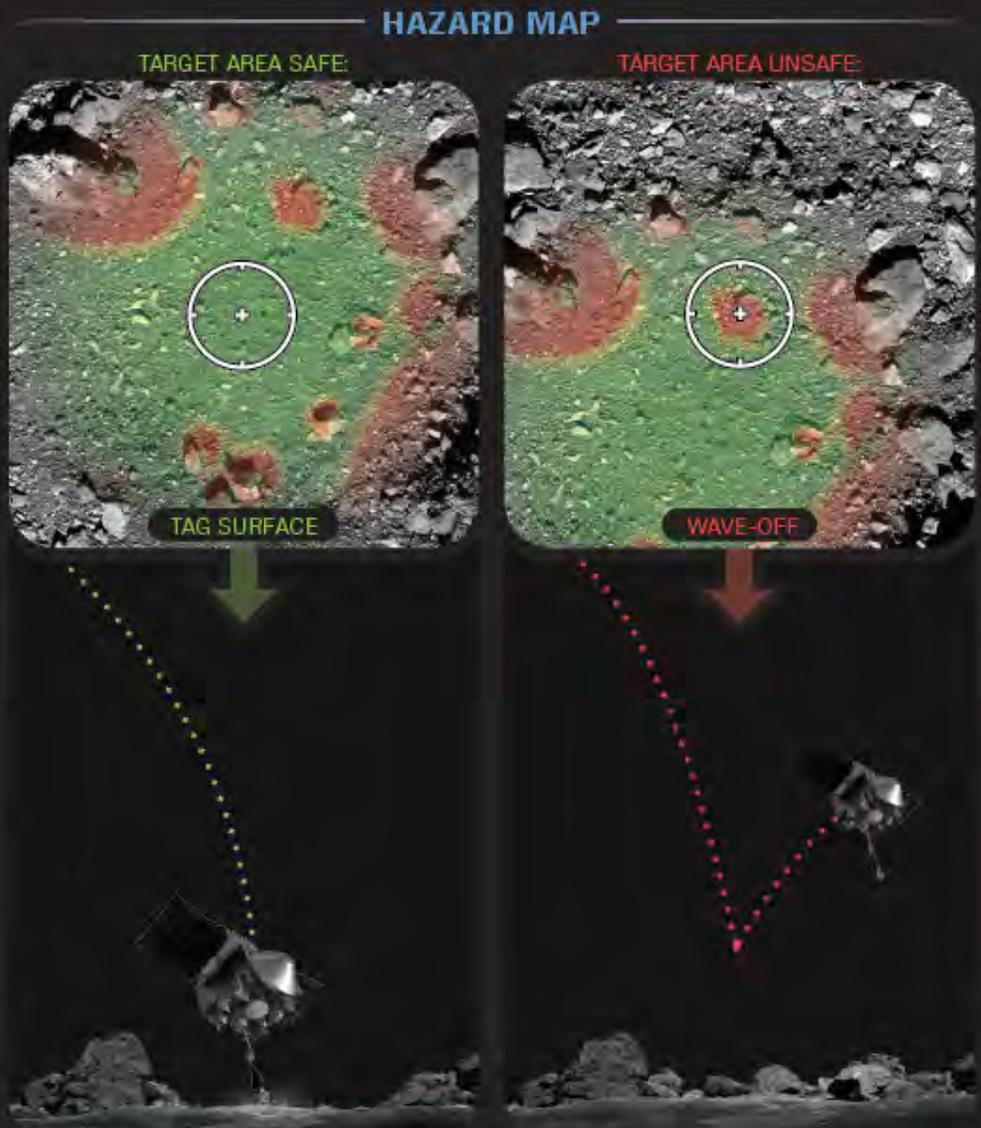
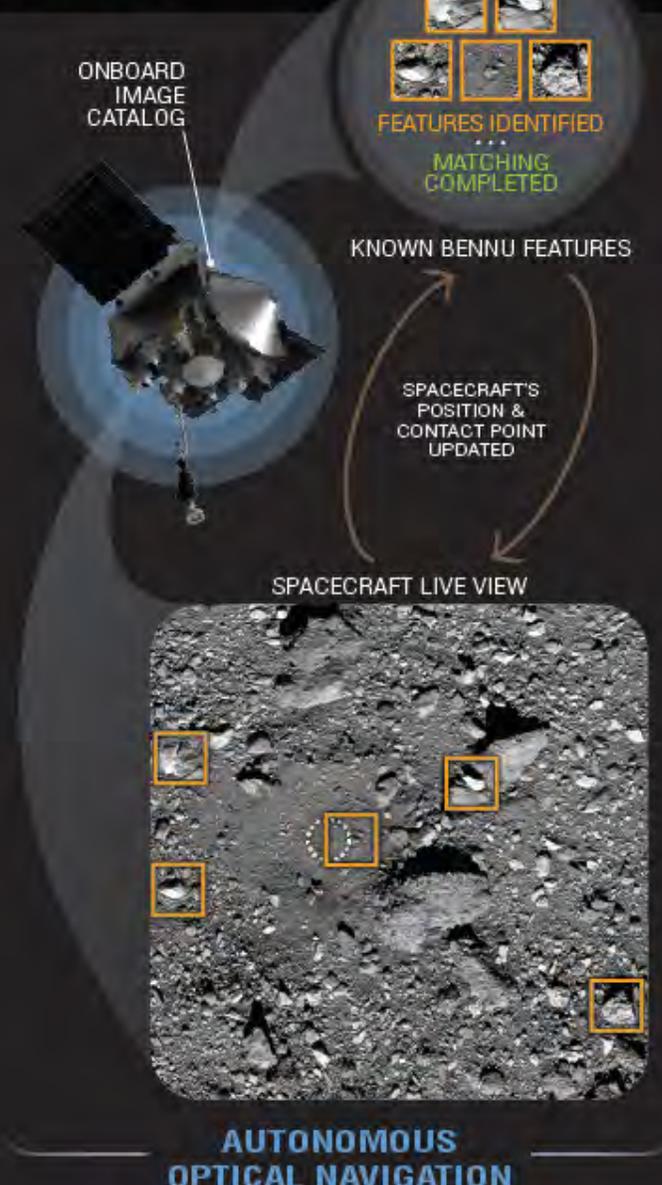


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NjlGYHJ2560&feature=youtu.be>



NATURAL FEATURE TRACKING

NAVIGATION DURING SAMPLE COLLECTION

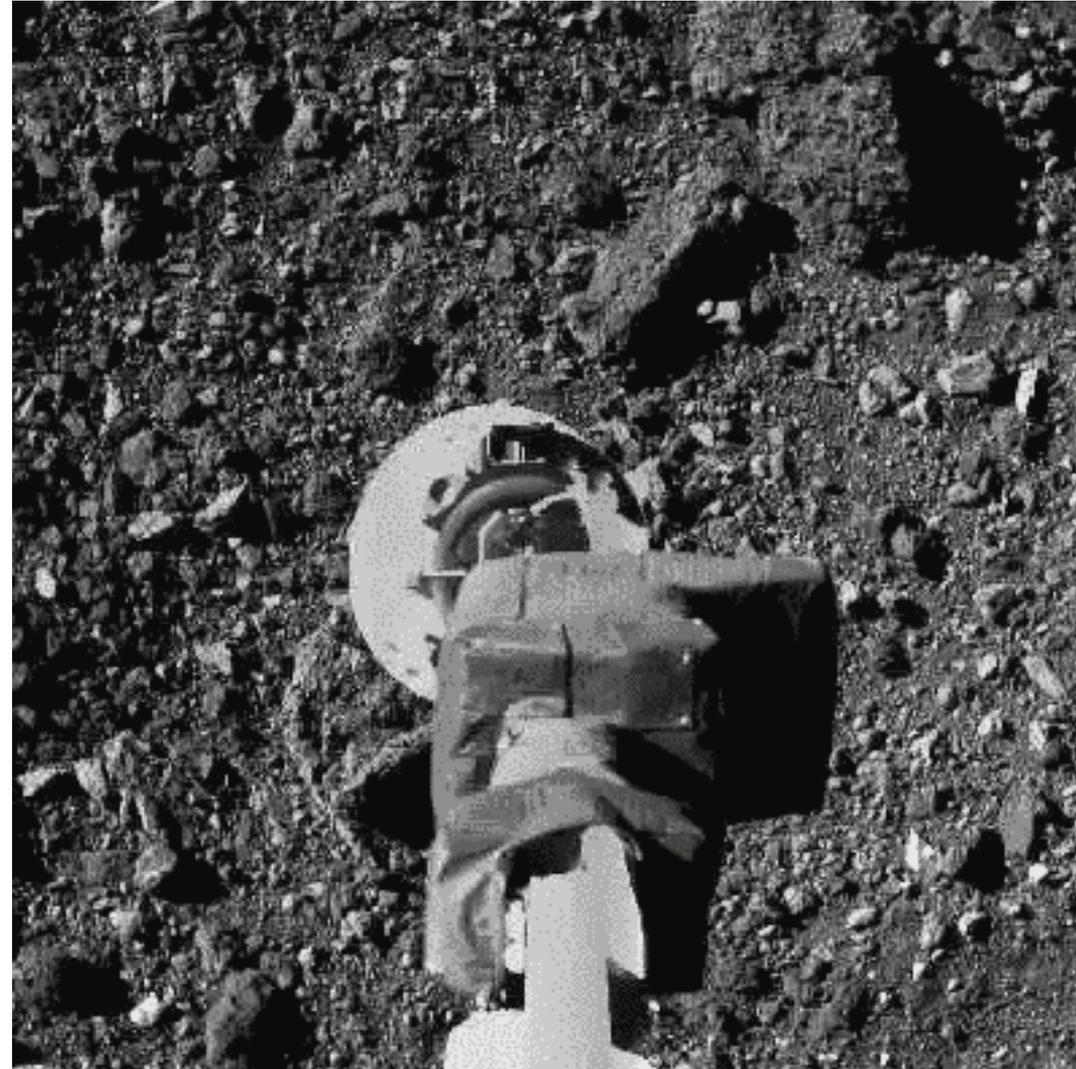




Touch And Go rehearsals!

Two rehearsals
April 14 and August 11,
2020

View of TAG from the
SAMCAM



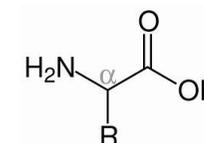
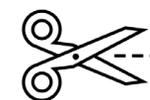
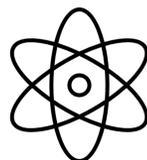
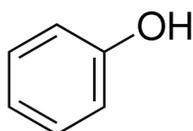
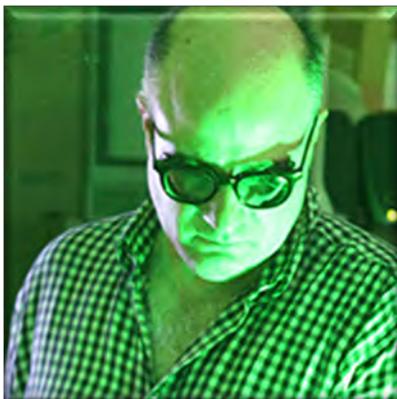


A big international team





Sample analysis by scientists at NASA JSC



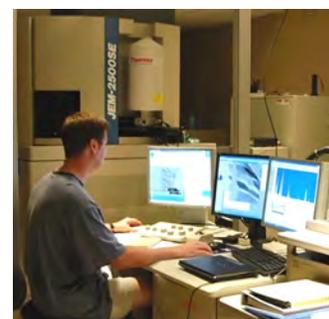
Chemistry



Organic mapping



Isotopes



Crystallography



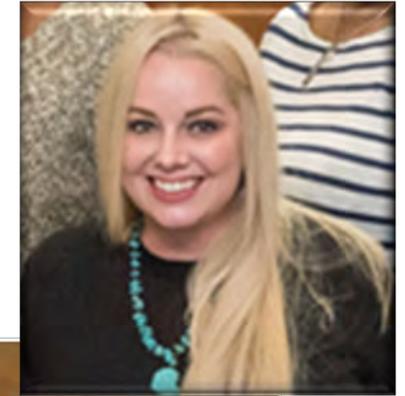
Sample extraction



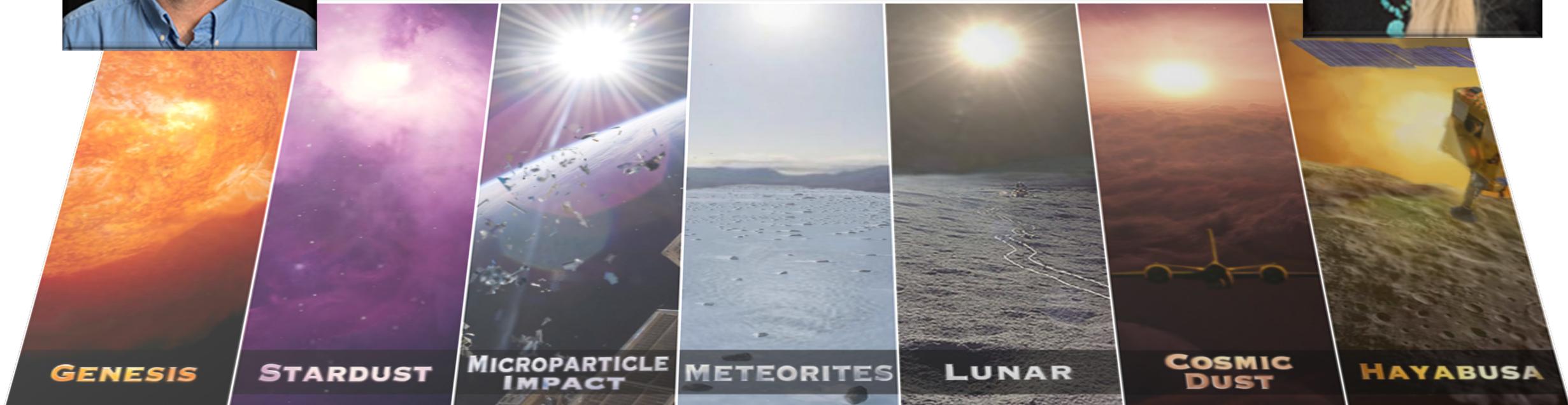
Organics



Curation at NASA JSC is the first step!



JSC OSIRIS-REx Curation Team



JSC OSIRIS-REx Curation Team

A collage of seven vertical panels showing various space missions. From left to right: 1. A bright orange and yellow sun-like object. 2. A purple nebula. 3. A bright sun with rays over a planet's horizon. 4. A grey, rocky surface. 5. A bright sun over a reddish-brown landscape. 6. A dark, rocky surface. 7. A yellowish, rocky surface. A yellow text box is overlaid on the right side of the collage.

What does an Astromaterials Curator do?
PUT YOUR ANSWERS IN THE CHAT.

GENESIS

STARDUST

**MICROPARTICLE
IMPACT**

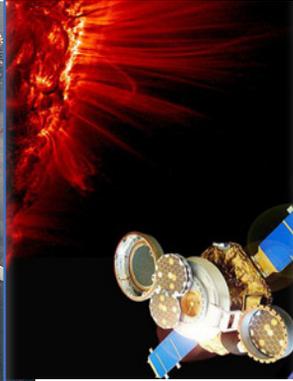
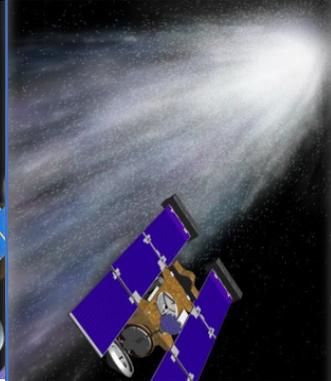
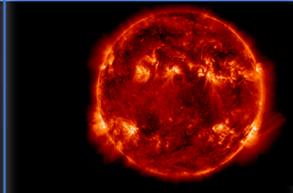
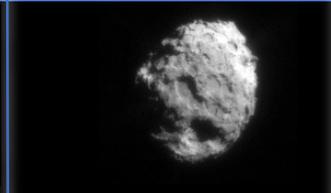
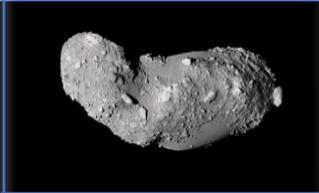
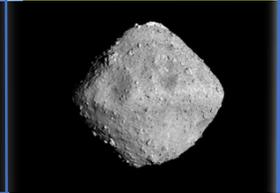
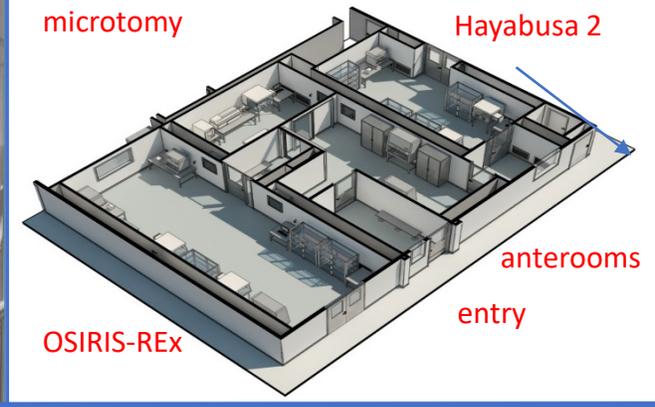
METEORITES

LUNAR

**COSMIC
DUST**

HAYABUSA

Astromaterials Curation at NASA JSC

| 1969 | 1978 | 1981 | 2004 | 2006 | 2011 | 2021 | 2023 |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| 6 Apollo Mission Lunar Rocks | US Antarctic Meteorites | Stratospheric Cosmic Dust | GENESIS | STARDUST | HAYABUSA 1 | Hayabusa2 | OSIRIS-REx |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Various sites on Moon | Asteroids/ Moon /Mars | Comets / Asteroids | Solar wind @ L1 point | Comet Wild2 | Asteroid Itokawa | Ryugu | Bennu |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |

JSC Curation Role in OSIRIS-REx

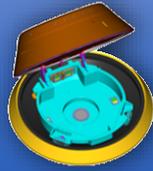
2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025

Phase B

Phase C/D

Phase E

Phase F



1) Archiving for contamination control and knowledge

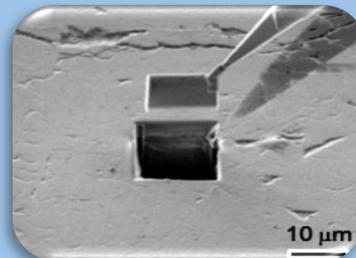
“CSI” in reverse



2) Establish new cleanroom (ISO5 / Class 100)



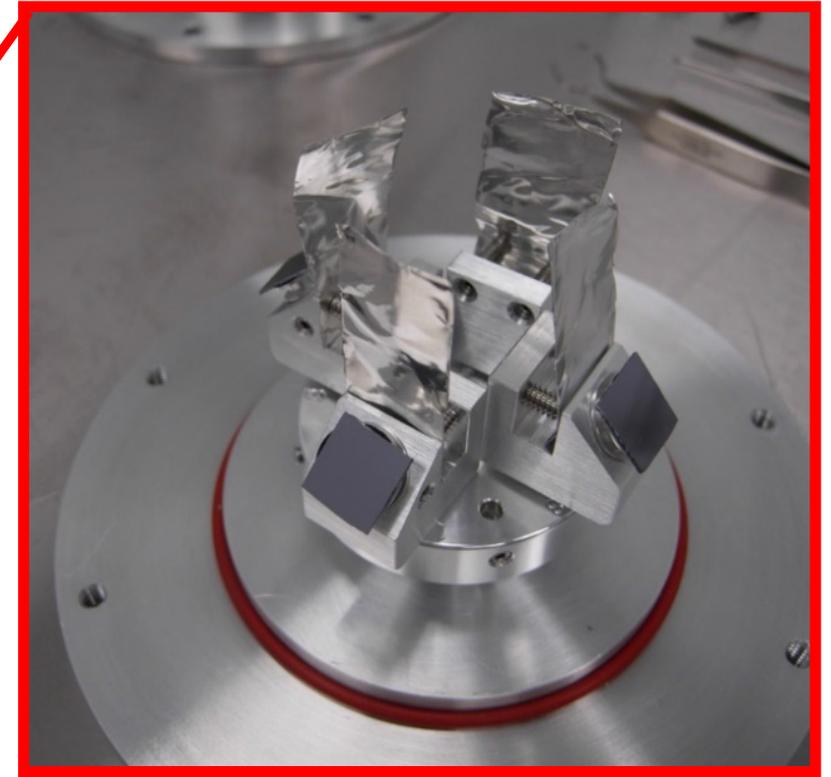
3) Sample Recovery



4) Preliminary Examination & 2 yrs Curation

Contamination Control & Knowledge

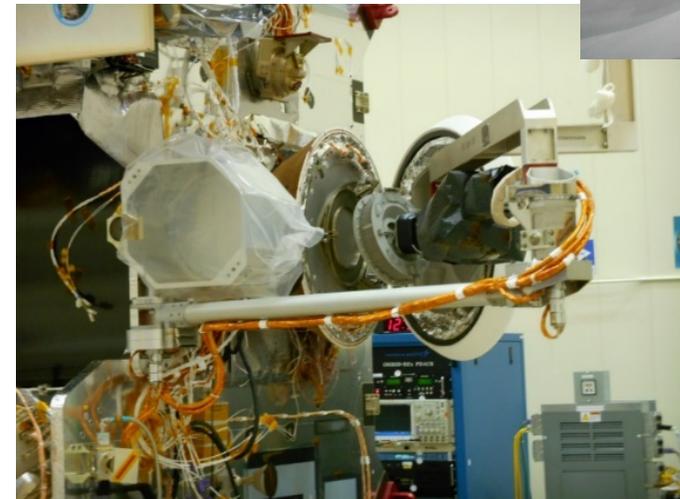
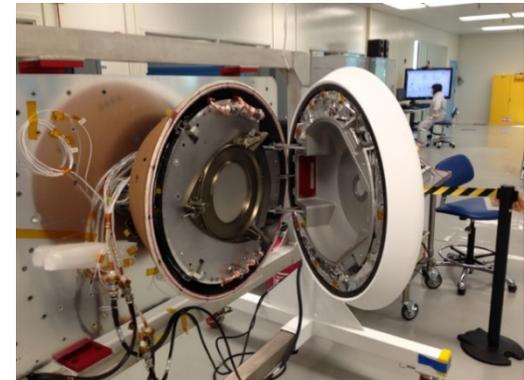
Pre-flight OSIRIS-REx Spacecraft

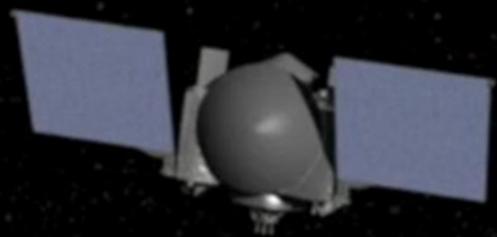


Witness plates from cleanrooms
Al foils
Si wafers

One of each immediately analyzed and the rest archived

Materials Archive and Witness Plates: Contamination Control & Contamination Knowledge

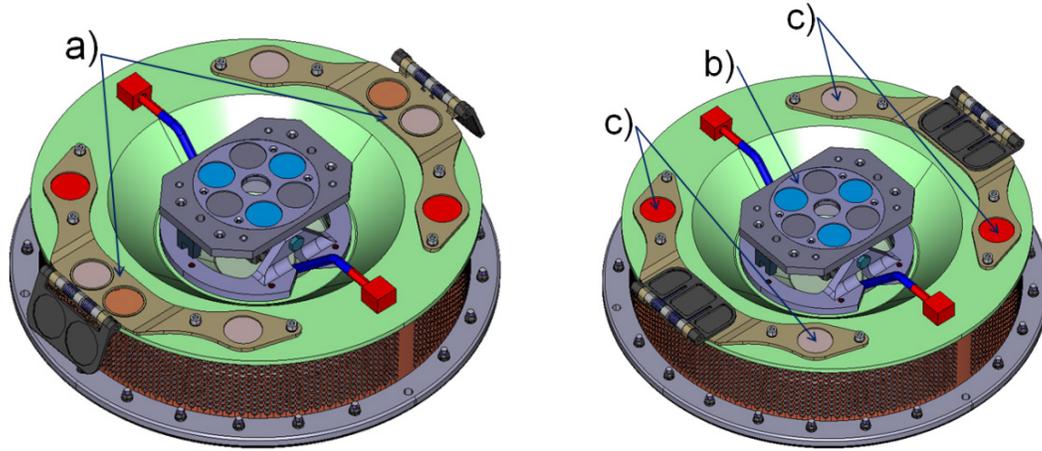




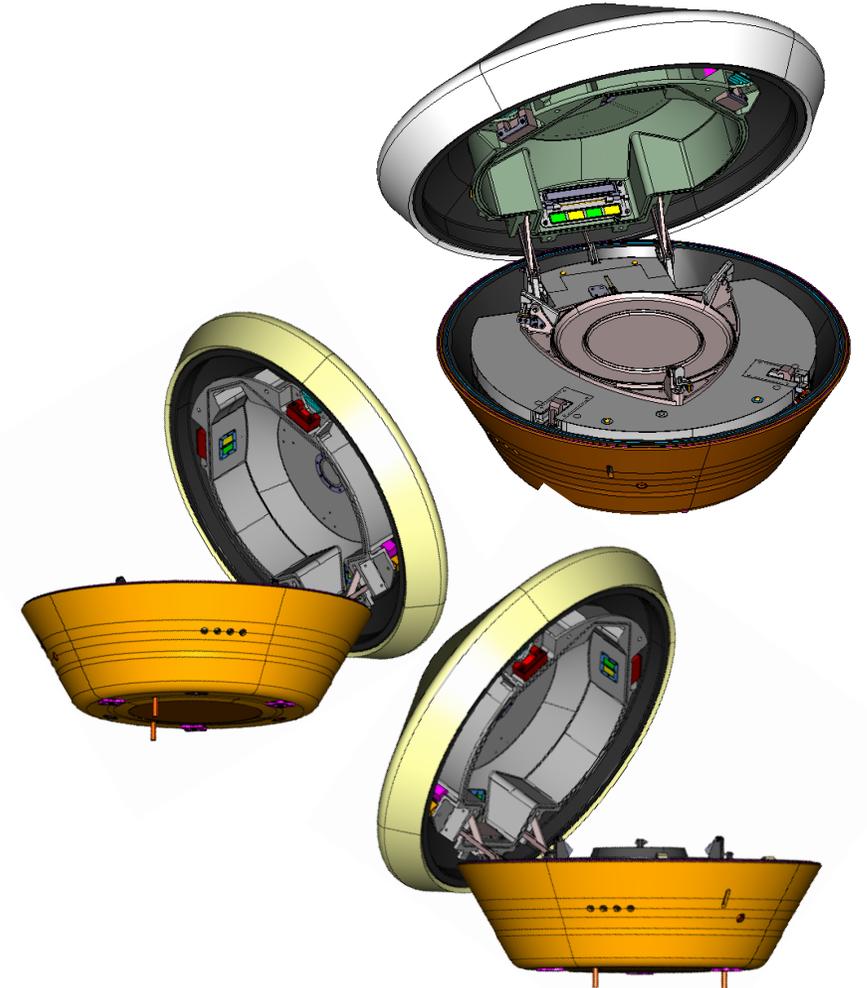
Bennu Arrival - August 2018

More Witness Plates

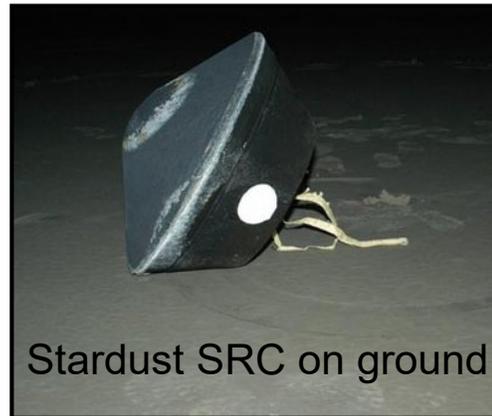
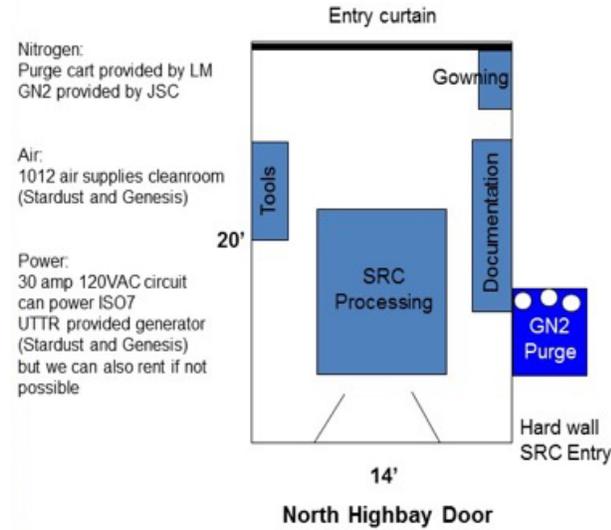
Sample Return Capsule



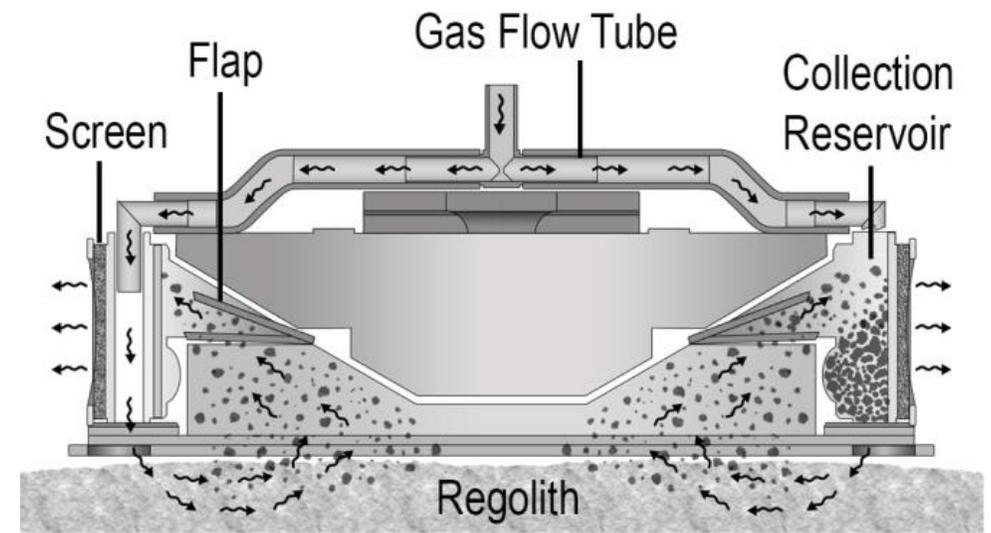
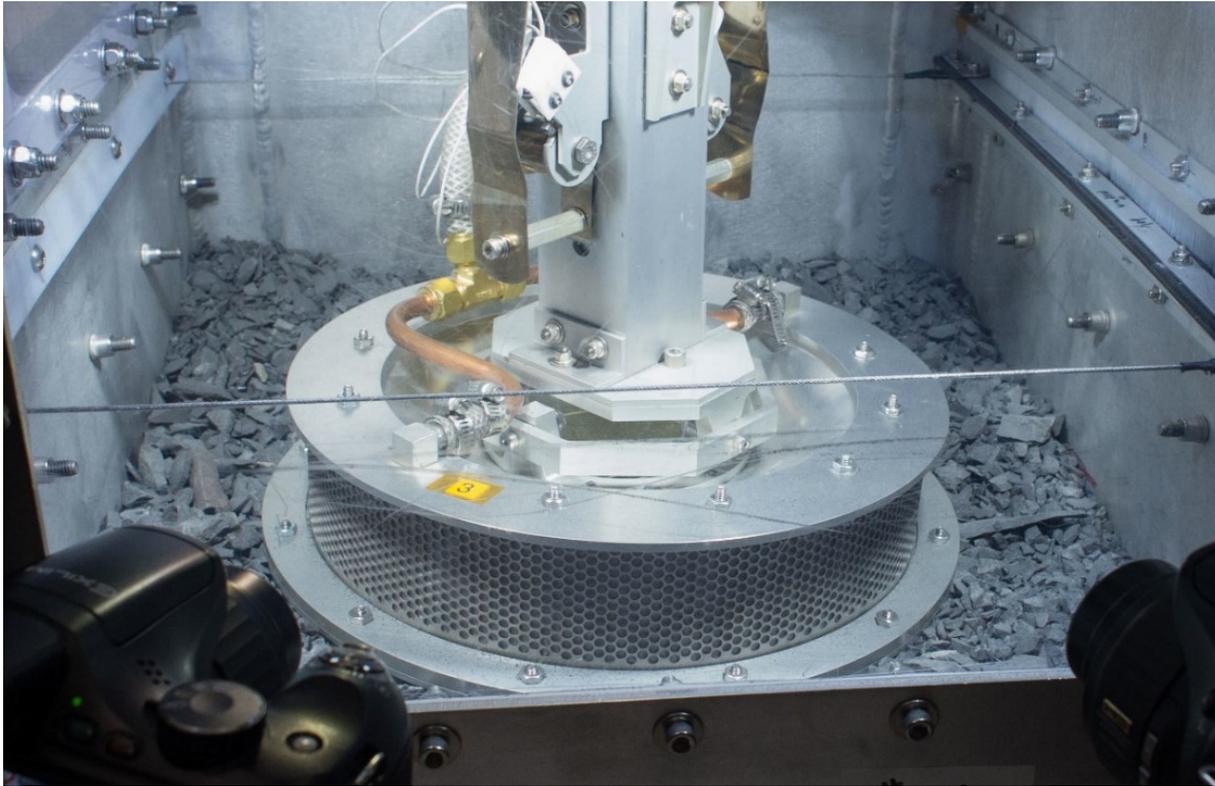
Collect contamination
knowledge during flight
operations



Recovery in Utah – Curation scientists working with Lockheed



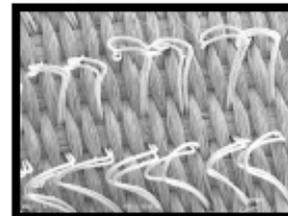
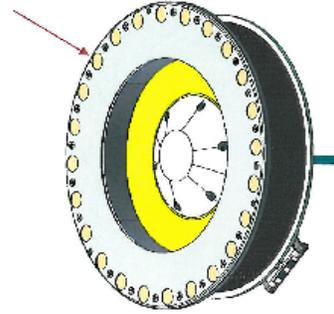
Bulk sample



Material that will be inside of the TAG-SAM head



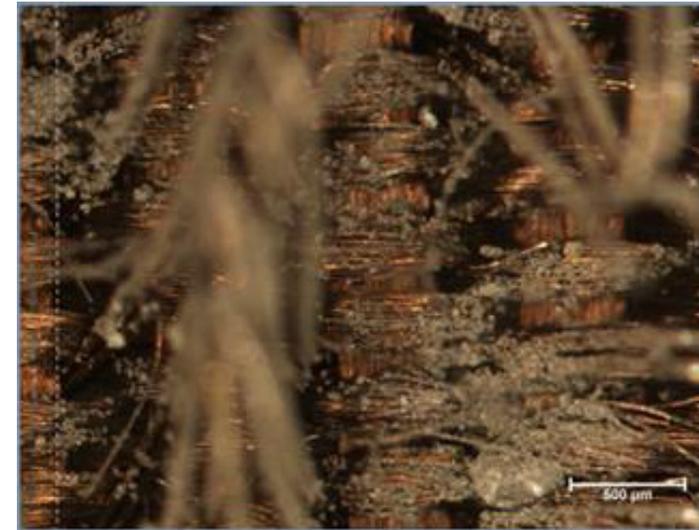
Contact pad samples



SS Velcro SEM Image

Contact Pads

- Collect top layer of surface material
- Will be useful for space weathering, exposure, and regolith studies



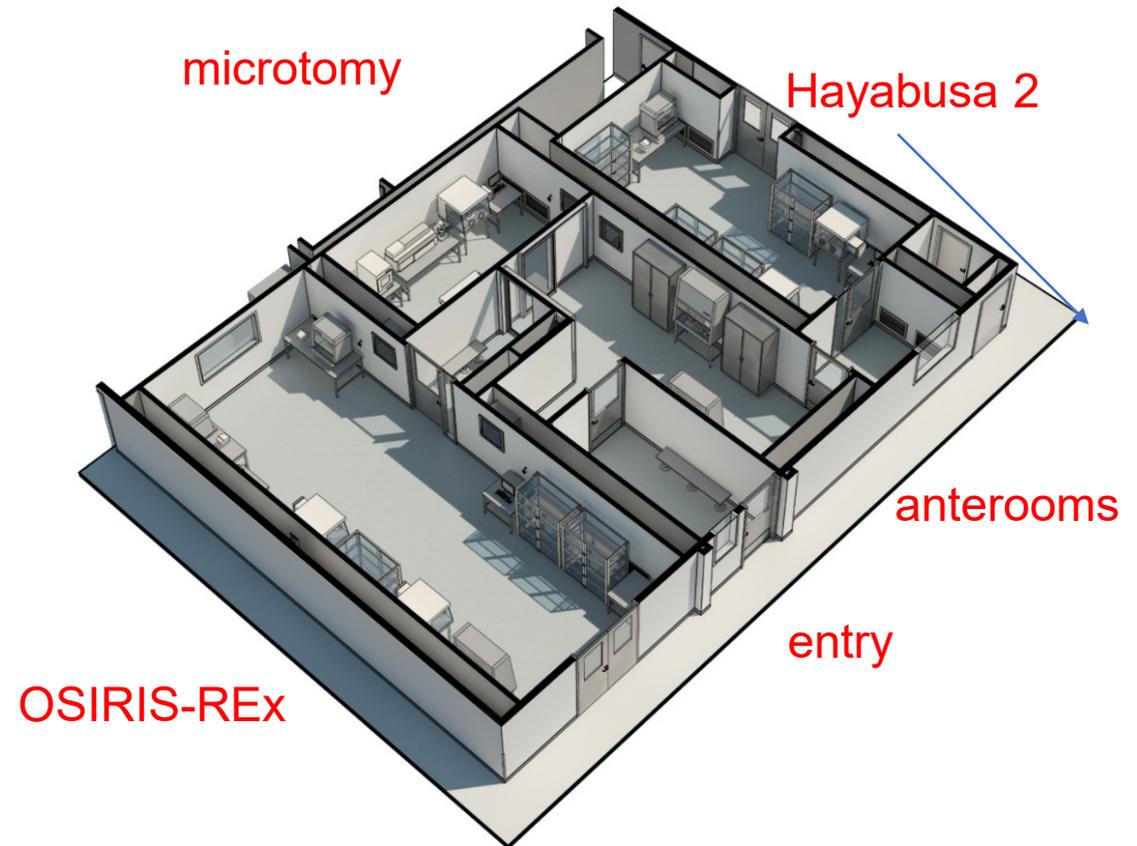
Currently testing – Christopher Snead @ JSC

Clean labs currently under Construction!

New OSIRIS-REx cleanroom will be adjacent to new Hayabusa 2



Curation clean lab construction



What will happen first in this new lab?

Outfitting and Rehearsals

Sample storage, processing and handling in nitrogen gas glove boxes

- Disassembly first



What will happen next in this new lab?

Characterization of returned material

Build a catalog of the returned material





Join the Mission on the Web!



AsteroidMission.org



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